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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/945,450	08/31/2001	Stephan Brunner	OIC0231US	3552
60975 7590 09/25/2007 CAMPBELL STEPHENSON LLP 11401 CENTURY OAKS TERRACE			EXAMINER	
			DUNHAM, JASON B	
BLDG. H, SUI AUSTIN, TX 7			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/945,450	BRUNNER ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Jason B. Dunham	3625			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet w	vith the correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUN 36(a). In no event, however, may a vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MC cause the application to become A	ICATION. I reply be timely filed INTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 02 Ju	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>02 July 2007</u> .				
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ This	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.				
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims	•	•			
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 95-104 and 113-121 is/are pending in 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 95-104 and 113-121 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.				
Application Papers		İ			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceed to the drawing and request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct and the correct of the contract of the correct of the	epted or b) objected to drawing(s) be held in abeya ion is required if the drawin	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		1			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in rity documents have bee	Application No n received in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) s(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application			

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

Applicant added claims 118-121 in the response filed July 2, 2007 to the office action dated February 28, 2007. Claims 95-104 and 113-121 are pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 95-98, 104, 114-118, and 121 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being anticipated by Lee (US 2005/0102199) in view of Klencke (US 5,867,709).

Referring to claim 95. The combination of Lee and Klencke discloses an apparatus composed of logic blocks to customize a product comprising:

- A logic block to create a customizable product, the customizable product including a set of one or more attributes to define the customizable product (Lee: abstract);
- A logic block to assign the customizable product to a customizable product class,
 wherein the customizable product class is a parent class of a hierarchy defining a
 configurator, and the configurator is configured to reference the hierarchy to
 permit a user to configure a customizable product for purchase (Klencke:
 abstract);

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- A logic block to add a component product class to the customizable product class, wherein the component product class is a subclass of the customizable product class, and the component product class comprises one or more component products selectable for adding to the customizable product (Klencke: column 4, lines 55 – column 5, line 2);
- A logic block to add a customizable class rule to the customizable product class, the customizable class rule including expressions which define constraints on the one or more component products selectable for adding to the customizable product (Lee: paragraph 64);
- A logic block to map a customizable user interface to the customizable product class, the customizable user interface to provide access structure to the configurator (Lee: paragraph 9).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to have modified the apparatus of Lee to have included a logic block to assign the customizable product to a customizable product class and to add a component product class to the customizable product class, as taught by Klencke, in order to follow a parent-child relationship while configuring the product (Klencke: abstract).

Referring to claims 96-97. The combination of Lee and Klencke further discloses an apparatus wherein the component product class includes component product subclasses (Klencke: column 4, lines 55 – column 5, line 2) and inherits the attributes of the customizable product class (Klencke: abstract).

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Referring to claim 98. The combination of Lee and Klencke further discloses an apparatus comprising a logic block to add one or more component product classes to a port (Klencke: figure 3 & column 5, lines 64 – column 6, lines 24); and a logic block to add the port to the customizable product class, the port to allow the configurator to classify a group of component products (Klencke: figure 3 & column 5, lines 64 – column 6, lines 24). The examiner notes that applicant defines a port as a component product and Klencke discloses classes containing product customizations.

Referring to claim 104. The combination of Lee and Klencke further discloses an apparatus wherein the class rule is a subclass of the customizable product class (Klencke: column 4, lines 55 – column 5, line 2).

Referring to claim 114. The combination of Lee and Klencke further discloses an apparatus wherein the component product class, customizable class rules, and customizable user interface are object-oriented classes (Klencke: abstract).

Referring to claim 115. The combination of Lee and Klencke further discloses an apparatus wherein the customizable product comprises an object-oriented structure (Klencke: abstract).

Referring to claim 116. The combination of Lee and Klencke further discloses an apparatus wherein the customizable product includes versioning (Klencke: column 3, lines 3-36).

Referring to claim 117. The combination of Lee and Klencke further discloses an apparatus wherein the configurator is stored in a data store (Lee: paragraph 31).

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Referring to claim 118. The combination of Lee and Klencke further discloses an apparatus wherein the customizable user interface is configured to allow customization of a presentation of component products (Lee: figure 6).

Referring to claim 121. The combination of Lee and Klencke further discloses an apparatus wherein the customizable user interface is configured to allow a runtime session to dynamically generate a user interface from a customer class (Klencke: column 4, lines 55 – column 5, line 2). The motivation to combine the Lee and Klencke would be the same as noted under the rejection of claim 95.

Claims 99-103 and 113 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the combination of Lee and Klencke in view of Iborra (US 2002/0062475).

Referring to claims 99-101. The combination of Lee and Klencke discloses all of the above but does not expressly disclose a cardinality attribute to constrain the number of component products to be added to the configurator. Iborra discloses an apparatus including a default, minimum, and maximum cardinality to constrain the number of component products, associated with the port, selectable by the configurator (Iborra: paragraph 104). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to have modified the apparatus of Lee/Klencke to have included a cardinality attribute to constrain the number of component products to be added to the configurator, as taught by Iborra, to limit the amount of configurations available (Iborra: paragraph 104).

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Referring to claims 102-103. The combination of Lee and Klencke discloses all of the above but does not expressly disclose an apparatus wherein the class rules include a collection of expressions including a property path, constant, operator, or a natural language syntax. Iborra discloses an apparatus wherein the class rules include a collection of expressions including a property path, constant, operator, and a natural language syntax (Iborra: paragraphs 59 & 94, figure 11A). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to have modified the apparatus of Lee/Klencke to have included class rules that include a collection of expressions including a property path, constant, operator, and a natural language syntax, as taught by Iborra, in order to define the attributes of the class (Iborra: paragraph 59).

Referring to claim 113. The combination of Lee and Klencke discloses all of the above but does not expressly disclose an apparatus wherein the component product class includes a static attribute not associated with a parent class. Iborra discloses an apparatus wherein the component product class includes a static attribute not associated with a parent class (Iborra: paragraph 94). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to have modified the apparatus of Lee/Klencke to have included a component product class that includes a static attribute not associated with a parent class, as taught by Iborra, in order to define the attributes of the class (Iborra: paragraph 59).

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Claims 119-120 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the combination of Lee and Klencke in view of Morris (US 5,877,966).

Referring to claims 119-120. The combination of Lee and Klencke disclose all of the above as noted under the rejections of claims 95 and 118 but does not expressly disclose an apparatus wherein the customizable user interface is configured to be customized for a particular product line or customer base. Morris discloses an apparatus for customizing a product wherein the customizable user interface is configured to be customized for a particular product line or customer base (Morris: abstract, column 2, line 58 – column 3, line 6, and column 15, lines 9 – 15). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to have modified the apparatus of Lee and Klencke to have included a customizable user interface customized for a particular product line or customer base, as taught by Morris, in order to user templates for simplifying the creation of customizable product configurations (Morris: abstract).

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed July 2, 2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant argues that the combination of Lee and Klencke does not disclose mapping a customizable user interface to a customizable product class because Lee describes a forms based GUI. The examiner disagrees and submits that paragraphs 41-42 of Lee disclose the GUI taking various forms (being customized) depending on the requested products.

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Applicant further argues that the combination of Lee and Klencke does not disclose customizable class rules defining constraints on component products. The examiner disagrees and submits that the product is selectable by choosing the country of use (Lee: paragraphs 63-64); which constrains further selections. The examiner agrees with applicant's contention that further selections regarding product selections are constrained, however the initial product is selectable and thus the combination of Lee and Klencke disclose the limitations of applicant's claim 95.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment (new claims 119-120) necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

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examiner should be directed to Jason B. Dunham whose telephone number is 571-272-

8109. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 8-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jeff Smith can be reached on 571-272-6763. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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JBD Patent Examiner 9/17/07

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